



PLANT PROFILE

Wall cotoneaster

INVASIVE

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Species description

Scientific name:

Cotoneaster horizontalis

Native to:East Asia

Treftadaeth
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In Partnership with

Welsh Government

Interesting facts

Impacts:

Spreads over wide areas and can outcompete native species. It is a particular problem on limestone grassland in North Wales where it outcompetes native plants including the endemic *Cotoneaster cambricus*, that only grows on the Great Orme. It can also hybridise with other cotoneaster plants thereby altering plant characteristics.

Habitat:

Rocky grassland, railway banks, garden walls, cliffs, limestone grassland, quarries, chalk pits, pavements and walls.

A deciduous shrub, low-growing and spreading, grows up to 90cm tall and 1.5m wide. Pink-tinged white flowers in late spring are followed by red berries. Wall cotoneaster is a well-known garden escaper. It was introduced to Britain around 1880 but there is uncertainty around when it was first recorded in the wild.

How it spreads:

Spreads by birds eating the berries and depositing seeds widely through their droppings.







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Handy tips

Legislation

Wall cotoneaster is listed as an invasive species on **Schedule 9** of the **Wildlife and Countryside Act (1981).**

It is an offence to plant or cause to grow in the wild.

Gardeners should take measures to help stop the spread from their gardens into the wild.

Similar species:

Not to be confused with Firethorn (*Pyracantha coccinea*).

Alternative plant ideas

Native

Holly (*Ilex aquifolium*).

Non-native

Japanese quince (Chaenomeles japonica).



Japanese quince

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