



# PLANT PROFILE

## Himalayan honeysuckle

POTENTIALLY INVASIVE

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# Species description

#### Scientific name:

Leycesteria formosa

#### Other names:

Pheasant berry Flowering nutmeg

#### Native to:

The Himalayas, western China and Tibet

> Cronfa Treftadaeth Heritage Fund



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In Partnership with

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Interesting facts

### Potential impacts:

Himalayan honeysuckle can form dense thickets that can dominate a habitat, outcompeting other species. It is already being managed on our nature reserves.

#### **Habitat:**

Grows on walls, in woodland, at base of hedgerows and on waste ground.

A vigorous deciduous shrub.

An established garden escaper, it was introduced to Britain in 1824 and first recorded in the wild in 1894.

### How it spreads:

Seed is dispersed by birds. Also spreads vegetatively by layering on the ground.



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# Key identification features



Mid-green leaves are opposite on the stem, oval and long-pointed in shape with wavy edges and grow between 5-18cm long. Berries change from red to purpleblack in autumn.

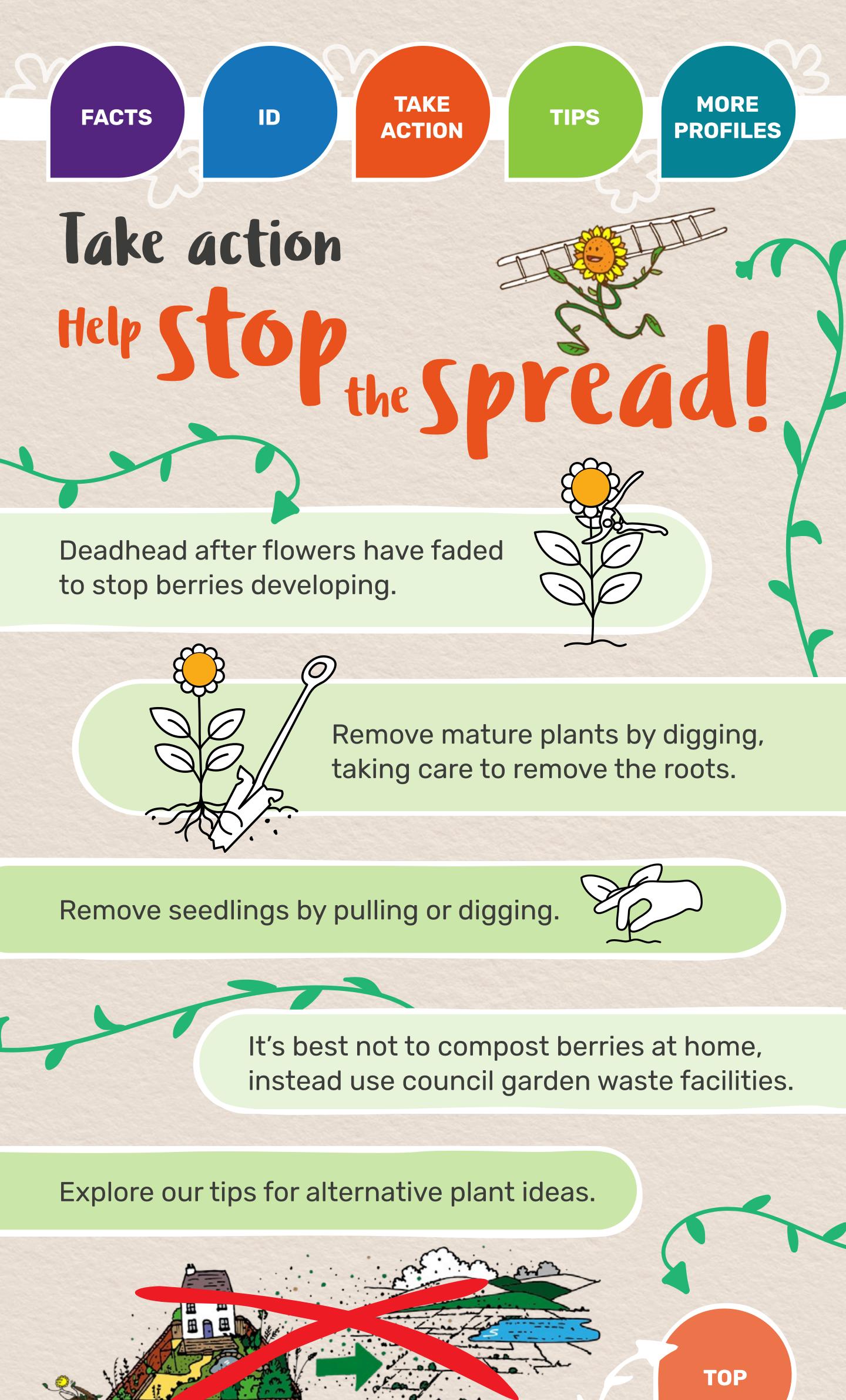
Erect, sea-green stems (new growth) that are hollow and bamboo-like. Older stems become woody.

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Pendulous racemes of pale pink funnel shaped flowers (10-20mm).





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# Handy tips

### Legislation

Not currently listed in legislation as an invasive species.

### Similar named species:

Not to be confused with Himalayan balsam (Impatiens glandulifera).



### Alternative plant ideas

#### Non-native

Silk-tassel bush (Garrya elliptica)

Glossy abelia (Abelia × grandiflora)

Gordon's currant (Ribes × beatonii)



Photos: NWWT Gemma Rose, NWWT Lisa Toth.

Illustrations: David Setter @doodleplanet and starfishonline.co.uk
Information collated from: GB NNSS, BSBI and RHS.

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