



PLANI PROFILE

Cherry laurel INVAS

ACTION

MORE **PROFILES**

Species description

Scientific name:

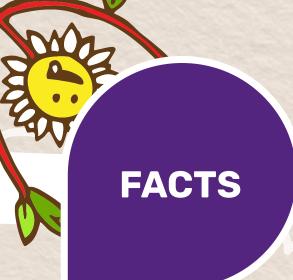
Prunus laurocerasus

Native to:

Balkan Peninsula, western Caucasus and northern Iran.



In Partnership with **Welsh Government**



ID

TAKE ACTION

TIPS

MORE PROFILES

Interesting facts

Impacts:

Cherry laurel grows rapidly and forms dense thickets, shading out other plants and preventing the regeneration of trees in woodlands. The leaf litter is acidic and makes the soil less suitable for native species.



Habitat:

Found in woodland and scrub, roadside, private and public gardens.

A vigorous large evergreen shrub or small tree often used as hedging or game cover.

Introduced to Britain by 1611 and found in the wild by 1886.

How it spreads:

Spreads by seed that is carried by wind or birds eating the berries and dispersing seed through their poo. Also spreads vegetatively by branches layering on the ground and rooting.



TOP





FACTS

ID

TAKE ACTION

TIPS

MORE PROFILES

Handy tips

Legislation

Not currently listed in legislation as an invasive species.



Similar species:

Not to be confused with bay tree or bay laurel (Laurus nobilis) or rhododendron (Rhododendron ponticum).

Alternative plant ideas

Native

Holly (*Ilex aquifolium*)

Wild privet (Ligustrum vulgare)

Beech (Fagus sylvatica)

Non-native

Mexican orange 'White Dazzler' (Choisya × dewitteana 'White Dazzler')

Beech

TOP

Photos: NWWT Lisa Toth.

Illustrations: David Setter @doodleplanet and starfishonline.co.uk

Information collated from: GB NNSS, BSBI and RHS.